

## **Reading: From words to texts**

# **Queen Elizabeth School Old Students' Association Branch Primary School**

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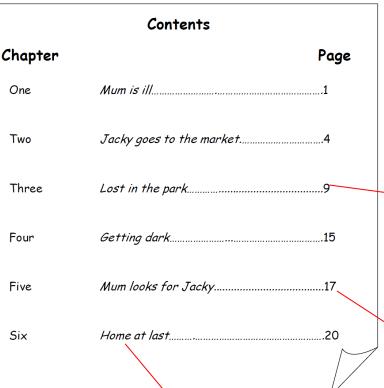
# **Today's Program**

- The place of vocabulary in reading
- Word recognition and word association
- School-based experience

Modular/ unit plan

Teaching and Learning

**Assessment** 

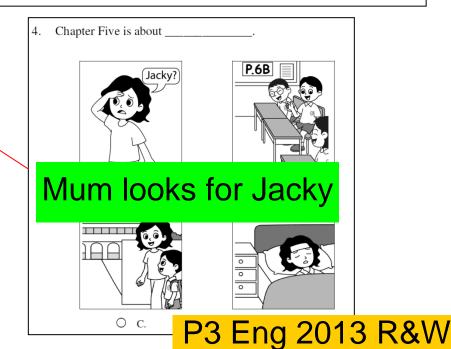


3. Grace can see this picture on page \_\_\_\_\_.

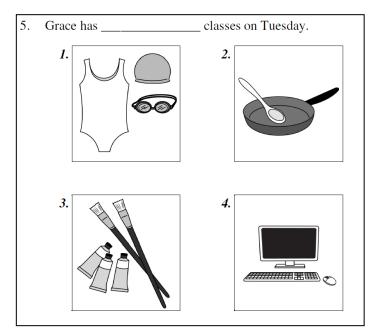
Where am I?

Lost in the park





My Summer Tinetable						
	Mon (15/7)	Tue (16/7)	Wed (17/7)	Thu (18/7)	Fri (19/7)	
10 a.m.   11 a.m.	Computer class (Princess Centre)		Swimming		Swimming class	
11 a.m.   12 noon		see a	class			
12 noon   1 p.m.		movie		lunch with Aunt		
1 p.m.   2 p.m.				Jane (Yummy Cafe)		
2 p.m.   3 p.m.	visit Uncle David	Cooking class (Garden Restaurant)				
3 p.m.   4 p.m.			Peter's birthday		go to Red Stone Park with Kitty	
4 p.m.     5 p.m.	go swimming with John		party (Happy Club)			
5 p.m.     6 p.m.	(Star Swimming Pool)	Art class		Art class		





10

15

### **Peter Tong Primary School**

End-of-Year Student Activities
Come and Join Us!

17<sup>th</sup> June, 20XX

Dear Parents,

We invite you to join the following activities with your children:

Activity	Date	Time	Place
Games Day (P.1 - 6)	2/7	2 p.m 5 p.m.	Classrooms
Fun Fair (P.1 - 6)	3/7	9 a.m 4 p.m.	Playground
Magic Show* (P.1 - 3)	4/7	7 p.m 9 p.m.	School Hall
Music Show* (P.4 - 6)	5/7	8 p.m 10 p.m.	School Hall

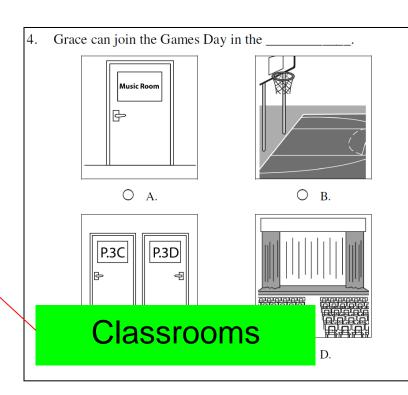
<sup>\*</sup>Each student can get two tickets for his/her parents.

For more information:

Call Mr Ken Ma or Mrs Candy Lau

Phone: 3453 2911

Mrs Janet Yip Principal



P3 Eng 2013 R&W





#### How to Make Good Use of the Internet

#### Content:

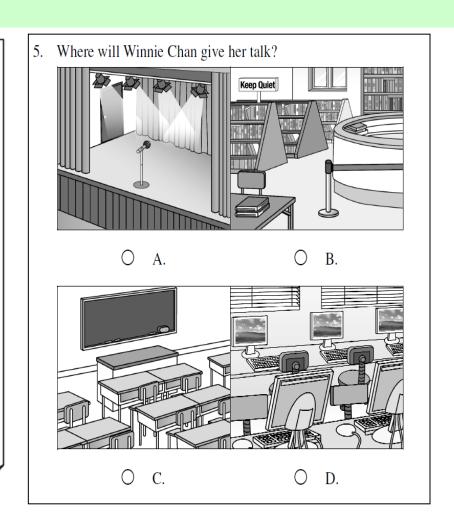
- video meeting with up to eight users
- online shopping
- searching for information on the Internet

Date: Saturday, 13 July
Time: 2:30 PM – 4:30 PM

Place: Computer Room,

Wan Chai Youth Centre

Speaker: Winnie Chan



Computer room



### **Photography Club**



Activity: An Outing in Sai Kung

Topic: Our Beautiful Countryside

Date: Saturday, 13 July

Time: 9 am to 3 pm

Meeting place: School Entrance

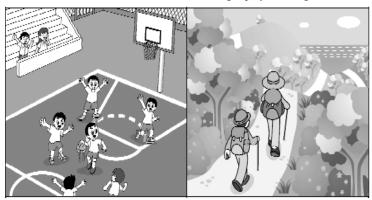
Teacher-in-charge: Miss Leung Transport: School bus

What to wear: P.E. uniform & sports shoes

Things to bring: your own camera,

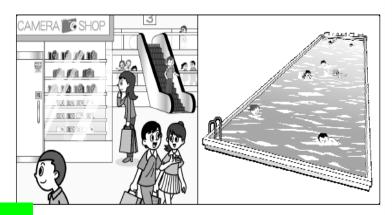
umbrella, lunch & water

2. Where will the members of the Photography Club go?



O A

О В



Countryside



O D





### Swimming Lessons for Beginners

Date: 9 – 12 July (daily)

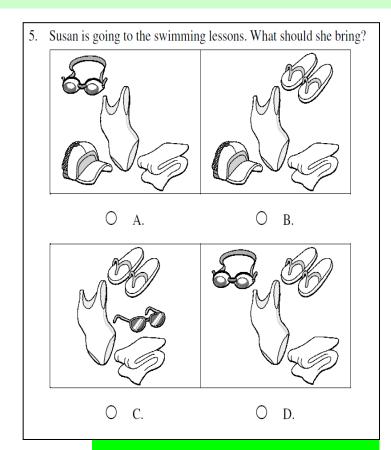
Time: 4PM – 5PM

Place: Tsuen Wan Swimming Pool

Coach: Miss Lam, P.E. teacher

### Remarks:

- Meet at the entrance 15 minutes before the lesson
- Bring your swimsuit, goggles, sandals and a towel



swimsuit, goggles, sandals, a towel

## **Vocabulary & Reading Skills**



Basic skills involved:

- Locate specific information
- Recognize word meaning
- Key Stage 1: 9 out of 26 questions focus on word recognition
- Key Stage 2: 7 out of 35 questions focus on word recognition



- 1. Susan wants to know more abou a good diet. She should go to the centre on

  A. 13 July

  B. 14 July

  C. 20 July

  D. 21 July
- 3. Susan wants to know how to buy a painting online. She should go to the centre on

  O A. 13 July
  O B. 14 July
  O C. 20 July
  O D. 21 July

**Examples of synonyms** 

Healthy living – a good diet

Online shopping – buy online

Dear David,

It's Mary here. How's life in Hong Kong? We haven't seen each other for almost a year. My family and I had a happy, healthy year in 2012. We really like our life in Canada.

Dad and Mum enjoy their leisure time here. Dad is still very busy with his cycling club. He sometimes takes photos at special events, like at my friend's birthday party last week. Mum has joined the Chinese Painting

2013 P6TSA

1. Mary's dad spends most of his leisure time \_\_\_\_\_

- A. riding his bicycle
- B. taking photos
- C. swimming
- O D. painting

Example of synonym

Cycling – riding bicycle

I am not a good athlete, so I joined the cheering team. Many of my friends also joined. We sang together and waved flags. Some of us even performed simple dances. We wanted to encourage our schoolmates to do well in the competitions. I think it helped. Anyway, we had fun!



Susan entered the cheering team because \_\_\_\_\_

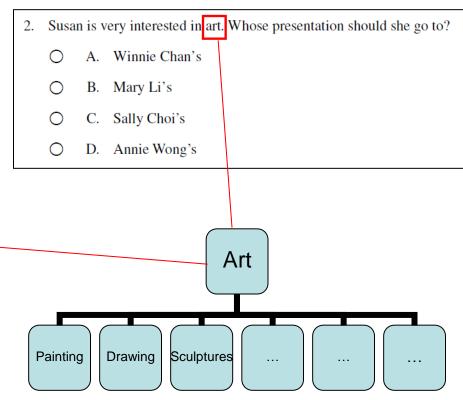
Susan Wong (Class 6B)

- A. she danced well
- B. she liked waving flags
- C. she did not like singing
- O D. she was not good at sports

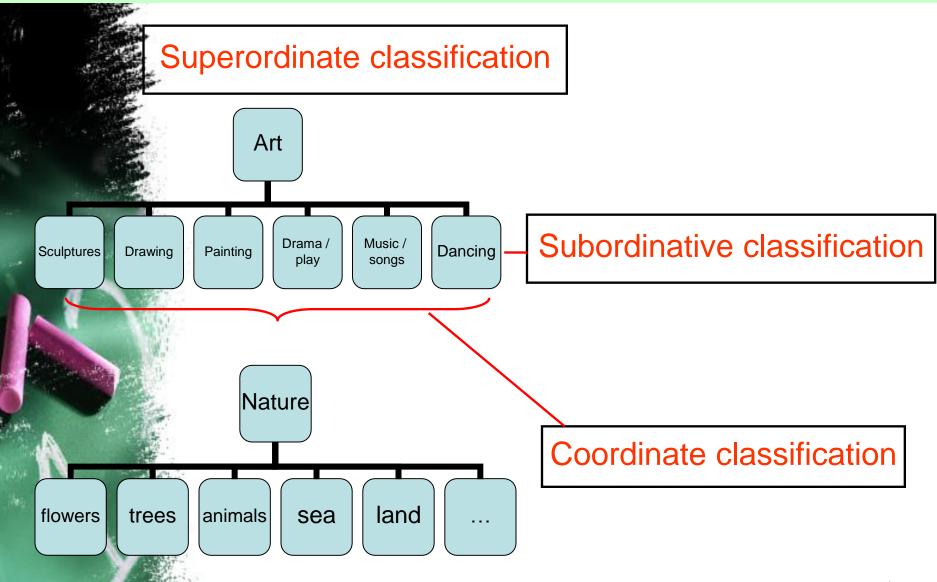
Example of synonym

Not a good athlete — not good at sports





#### **Hong Kong Daily** Sunday, Which of the following is true about Marie La Pen? 3. French Artist to Visit HK A. She is 20 years old. She is the youngest artist in France. By Nancy Ho She is famous for her nature paintings and animals. Her use of Thirty paintings by a French artist, 1 She is in charge of the Kowloon Arts Centre. Marie La Pen, will be on display at colours was special and the Kowloon Arts Centre soon. Two paintings were sold on the first years ago, at age 20, she was the day. Mr Louis Wong, in charge of the Kowloon Arts Centre, said that youngest artist ever to take part in the 5 Paris Art Show in France. It is the he is sure people in Hong Kong **Nature** first time she has had an exhibition Miss La Pen's enjoy outside France, so this will be her interesting and unusual paintings. maiden event here. Miss lowers trees animals In Paris, Miss La Pen was praised for 10 exhibition at the last day will be 30 May. her unusual paintings of flowers, trees





- Deliberate organization of words into hierarchies
- Develops associative networks
- Allow for efficient vocabulary growth because the system is 'open' and allows for additions
- Associated with Receptive vocabulary knowledge in particular
- Retrieval of words operates through the "cohort" principle

Knowledge of the network of associations

between that word and other words (Slobin, 1971)

· 有理解的 T				
Categories	Examples			
by contrast or antonym	wet – dry			
by similarity or synonym	blossom – flower			
by subordinative classification	animal – dog			
by coordinate classification	apple – peach			
by superordinate classification	spinach – vegetable			

# Wordlists for English Language Curriculum

### Enhancing English Vocabulary Learning and Teaching at Primary Level

Preface

Acknowledgements

Chapter 1

Chapter 2

Chapter 3

Chapter 4

Appendix 1

Appendix 2

# Appendix 1: Preamble to the Development of the Wordlists for the English Language Curriculum

- 1. Purpose of developing the wordlists
- 2. Compilation of the wordlists
- 3. Organisation of the wordlists
- 4. Use of the wordlists

Wordlists for the English Language Curriculum

http://cd1.edb.hkedcity.net/cd/eng/vocab09/index.htm



. Government subsided school in Tin Shui Wai.

2. Pupils from nearby private and public estates.

3. Great diversity (different socioeconomic background).

4. Cater high ends and low-ability group.



# **Curriculum Planning**

### A. Teaching materials used in the school:

- 1. Longman Elect textbook
  - a. 7 units are taught
- 2. Key Stage 2 Integration Programme (KIP)
  - a. 4 books a year
    - reading and writing strategies
  - b. 8 readers for guided reading
    - 3 groups of pupils
    - ability grouping



### B. Unit planning (Elect 4B Unit 6):

- 1. Reading passage (1.5 lessons)
- 2. Vocabulary building (0.5 lesson)
- 3. Vocab Talk (0.5 lesson)
- 4. Key vocabulary (0.5 lesson)
- 5. Key structures + practice (2 lessons)
- 6. In-class quiz (1 lesson)
- 7. Listening (1 lesson)
- 8. Dictation (1 lesson)



C. How do we teach the story?

Show the traditional version of story.

Predict and confirm.

Teach reading skills.

Check pupils' understanding.



# C. How do we teach the story? Textbook reading:

- Show pictures of the story and asks questions to elicit key words and ideas.
- Pupils listen to the 1st paragraph. Then, compare the first two events with the story elements, asks if the setting, characters and the first two events are similar.



# C. How do we teach the story? Textbook reading:

- Let pupils listen to the rest parts of the story. Ask pupils if it's similar to the original one.
- Asks pupils read the story individually for a few minutes. Then asks questions to check understanding.



## D. Activity (Elect 4B Unit 6):

### Vocabulary teaching:

What key words will you choose? Please choose 10 target words from the text given and discuss their criteria in 2 minutes.

(Reading text: Unit 6 Having good habits)



D. Activity (Elect 4B Unit 6):

Vocabulary teaching:

### **Sharing** -

What key words will you choose? Please share your points of view.



D. Activity (Elect 4B Unit 6):

### Vocabulary teaching:

What did we choose? Why?

- a tall tower shook her long hair
- to rescue smells awful
- put his hand over his mouth
- nice and clean teeth long fingernails
- smiled a handsome white smile
- ran his fingers through his shiny hair



## **Types of Key Phrases**

- A. Key Phrases from textbook
- **B. Vocabulary Talk**
- C. Thematic Vocabulary provided by publisher
- D. Text-type Vocabulary



### 1. What?

- Unfamiliar words or phrases that hinder understanding.
  - e.g. smiled a handsome white smile / put his hand over his mouth

## 2. Why?

- Deepen students' understanding of the text.
- Increase vocabulary (receptive).



### 3. When should this be taught?

- Teach at the post-reading stage (follow-up).
- Consolidate at the beginning of subsequent lessons, used as a classroom routine.



### 4. How do we teach key phrases?

- Use pictures or photos to illustrate the meaning of the key phrases. Then read aloud the phrases.
- In the subsequent lessons, show powerpoint A (photo / clipart + words) as a revision.

Purpose: helps pupils remember the words

Unit 6 Vocabulary ppt A



### 4. How do we teach key phrases?

 Show powerpoint B (photo / clipart first, then words)

Purpose: check pupils' memory

Unit 6 Vocabulary ppt B

- Reading aloud (whole class, group, pair)



# **B. Vocabulary Talk**

### 1. What?

- high occurrence words (common words that students always find in texts)
- synonyms, antonyms, superordinate (word association)
- vocabulary for writing (productive)



# **B. Vocabulary Talk**

### 2. Why?

- Revisit previously learnt vocabulary
- Help students store and retrieve vocabulary
- Increase the vocabulary size

### 3. When?

- Post-reading: (after Key Phrases teaching)



## **B. Vocabulary Talk**

### 4. How do we teach?

- Teacher preparation:

identify vocab and plan word association

 Ask students to underline the words and write down some notes (e.g. synonyms) in the Vocab Building Book.

## C. Thematic Vocabulary

Target vocabulary of the textbook



## **D. Text Type Vocabulary**

### 1. What?

- Phrases related to particular text types

## 2. Why?

- Students may have difficulty finding the word meaning.

### 3. When?

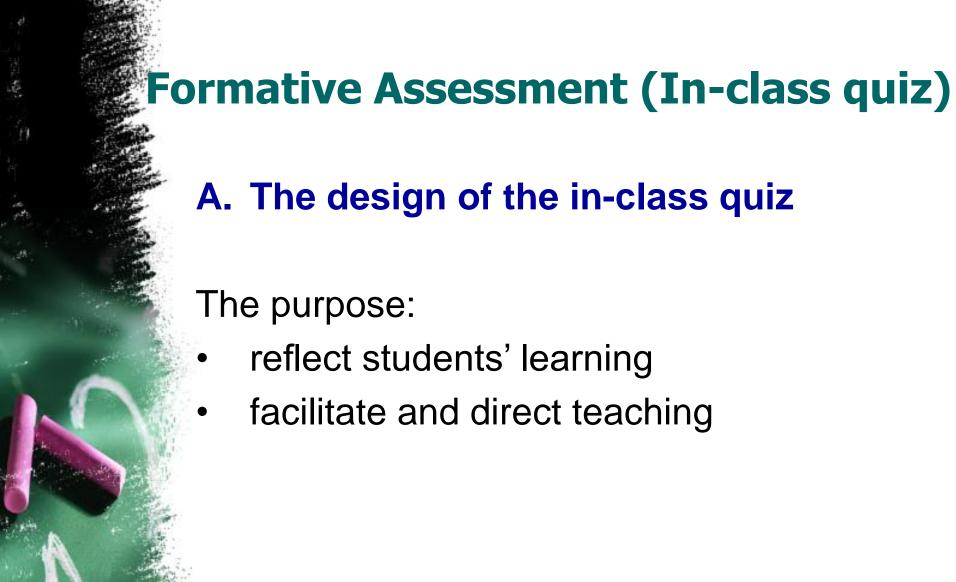
Post-reading

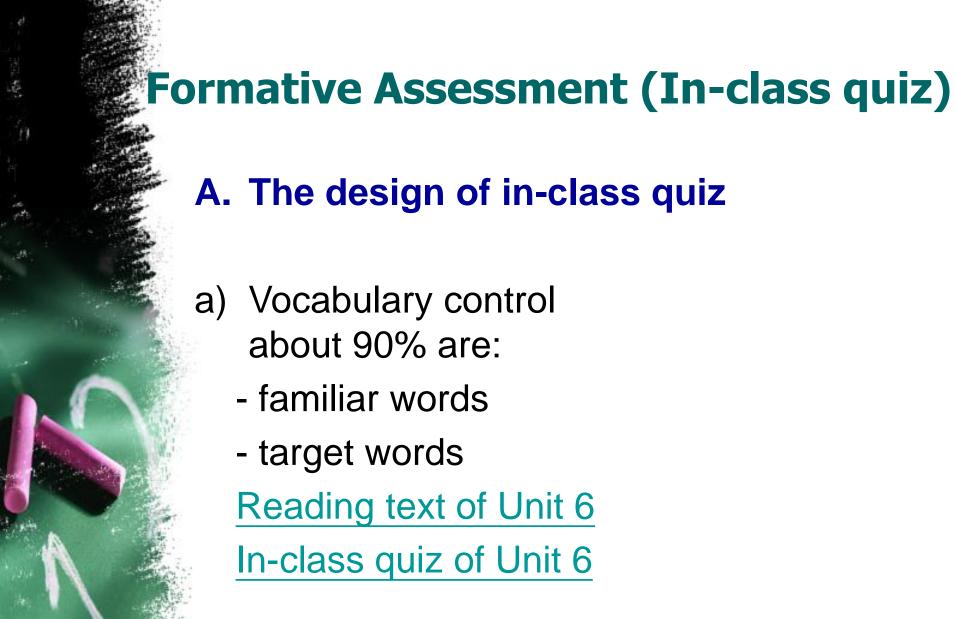


## **D. Text Type Vocabulary**

#### 4. How to consolidate?

- Match the words with the Chinese meaning.
- Identify the part of speech.
- Highlight the hints.





#### **Reading Text of the Unit**

The prince was surprised. 'Once a week,' he said and put his hand over his mouth.

'You ought to brush your teeth twice a day. Come back when your teeth are clean,' said Rapunzel.

'OK. I'm going to brush my teeth twice a day. Then my teeth will be nice and clean in a week's time,' said the prince.

The next week the prince climbed up Rapunzel's hair again. He smiled a handsome smile at Rapunzel. 'That's better,' said Rapunzel, 'but your hair is very dirty. It smells awful! How often do you wash it?'

#### **In-class Quiz**

One day after school, Fanny <u>practised</u> <u>dancing</u> in the hall. Some girls <u>started</u> to talk about her. They said Fanny's <u>dancing</u> was <u>awful</u>. Susan said, "<u>Thank goodness!</u> She <u>can't tell left from right!</u> She is so SMART." <u>Fanny was <u>upset</u>. She <u>put her hands over herears</u> and left the dancing hall.</u>

#### **In-class Quiz**

Once there was a girl called Fanny. She was not a very <u>popular</u> girl at her school. Susan, a <u>large</u> girl in class, <u>loved</u> to <u>laugh at</u> Fanny and <u>make fun</u> <u>of h</u>er because she was a fat girl. She liked to call her "Fatty Fanny".

One day after school, Fanny <u>practised</u> <u>dancing</u> in the hall. Some girls started to talk about her. They said Fanny's <u>dancing</u> was <u>awful</u>. Susan said, "<u>Thank goodness!</u> She <u>can't tell left from right!</u> She is so SMART." Fanny was <u>upset</u>. She <u>put her hands over her ears</u> and left the dancing hall.

The next day, on the way to school, Fanny got on Bus 11. She noticed that Susan was on the bus too. She was afraid that Susan would see her. Fanny climbed upstairs. She wanted to hide herself from Susan, but it was too late. Susan went upstairs too. She sat near Fanny. She ran her fingers through Fanny's hair.

"You are good at nothing. You can't <u>sing</u> or <u>dance</u>. You can't even <u>look</u>

<u>after yourself</u>. Your <u>hair is very dirty</u>. It <u>smells</u> <u>terrible</u>. <u>How often do you</u>

wash it?" said Susan.

Fanny's face turned red. She wanted to hide from the world. Suddenly, a handsome boy came up. He talked to Susan, "I think her hair is nice and clean. It is cleaner than your hair." Susan's face turned red. She got off the bus immediately. "Thank you for saving me," said Fanny. "She's not your friend. When you have problems, learn to face it by yourself. You ought to be strong and ...," the handsome boy said.

Few months later, Fanny met the handsome boy again. He looked

boxed Target words
in the unit

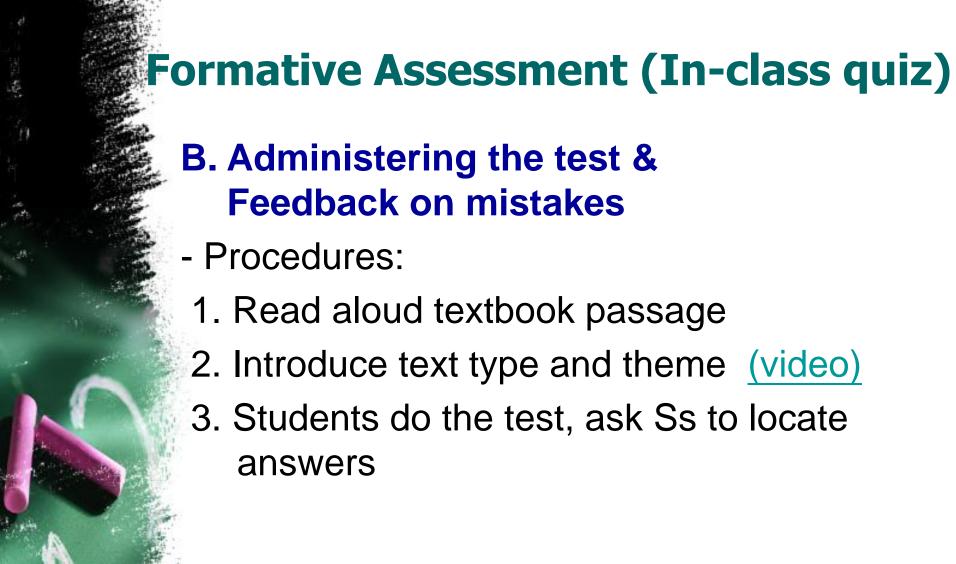
underlined Target words
in the
previous
units
(prior
knowledge)

# Formative Assessment (In-class quiz)

### A. The design of in-class quiz

b) Reading skills

		_
Question 1	Locate specific information	4
Question 2	Understand the connection between ideas	4
Question 3	Understand the intention of the speaker	-
Question 4	Recognize familiar words in a new text	-
Question 5.	Understand the connection between ideas	-
Question 6	Recognize familiar words in a new text	-
Question 7.	Make inferences	-
Question 8.	Recognize familiar words in a new text	-
Question 9.	Understand the connection between ideas	-
Question 10	Identify the main idea	-





# Formative Assessment (In-class quiz)

- B. Administering the test & Feedback on mistakes
- Procedures:
- 4. Check answers. (video)
- 5. Show hands for overall results. Invite Ss to explain answers.



## C. Analysis of the test

Recognize familiar words in a new text

4. Read line 6-7: Fanny was upset.

She put her hands over her ears and left the dancing hall. Why did Fanny put her hands over her ears?

- a. Fanny did not want Susan to see her large ears.
- b. Fanny did not want to listen to what other girls said.
- c. Fanny had a problem with her head.
- d. Fanny wanted to hide herself from Susan.

# Formative Assessment (In-class quiz)

### C. Analysis of the test

Recognize familiar words in a new text

O	<b>a</b> .₽	dependent	O	<b>b.</b> .	independent	47
O	C	curious	O٥	d.	nice	]

## **Summative Assessment**

#### A. Content of Summative Assessment

### Synonyms / similar meanings

B. Mandy is playing a word game. Match the words which have the same meaning with each other. Fill in the brackets with the correct letters. (6% @1%).

a. yummy	b. excellent	c. hot	d. restroom	4
e. bedroom	f. talked to	g. unusual	h. worried	į. child∘

e.g. kid	=.	( į	<b>)</b> \$\tau\$	P	Ð	٩	4	
1. well done	=0	(	<b>)</b> \$3	4	2. toilet₀	=0	(	<b>)</b> \(\pi\)
3. delicious	=0	(	<b>)</b> \$3	÷.	4. spicy	=0	(	<b>)</b> \(\pi\)
5. nervous∂	=.0	(	<b>)</b> ₽	4	6. strange₽	=4	(	<b>)</b> \$\tau\$

### **Summative Assessment**

#### A. Content of Summative Assessment

Antonyms

I. Mandy's sister is playing another word game. Match the words which have the opposite meaning with each other. Fill in the brackets with the correct letters. (6% @1%).

a. weeker	nd b. good for	c. undependent	d. easy	d. easy thing√		
e. enjoy	f. undressed	g. independent	h. good at	į. long <sub>€</sub>		

e.g. short∂	⇔₽	(	į )₀	₽	47	42	¢2		42
1. got dressed	⇔₽	(	<b>)</b> \$\pi\$	P	2. dependent <sub>2</sub>	⇔₽	(	)₊∍	4
3. bad for₽	⇔₽	(	<b>)</b> \$\bar{\pi}\$	÷.	4. problem∂	⇔₽	(	)⊷	٠
5. hate	⇔₽	(	<b>)</b> $\wp$	42	6. weekday	⇔₽	(	),₀	<b>₽</b>

